#### Additional file 1

# Polarized $\alpha$ -synuclein trafficking and transcytosis across Brain Endothelial Cells via Rab7-decorated carriers

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## **Supplementary Table 1: List of primary antibodies**

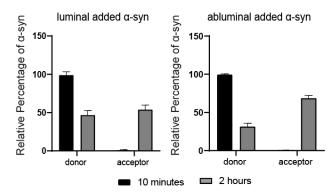
| Target protein | Antibody                             | Manufacturer                   | Cat. No.  |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| α-synuclein    | Rabbit polyclonal anti α-syn (ASY-1) | Poul Henning Jensen laboratory |           |
| α-synuclein    | Mouse monoclonal anti α-syn          |                                | 610787    |
| EEA1           | Mouse polyclonal anti EEA1           | BD biosciences                 | 610547    |
| Caveolin 1     | Rabbit polyclonal anti cav1          | st. John's lab                 | STJ92051  |
| Rab 7          | Mouse monoclonal anti Rab7           | Abcam                          | ab50533   |
| VPS35          | Goat polyclonal anti VPS35           | Everest Biotech                | EB06268   |
| Clathrin       | Mouse anti clathrin                  | Lundbeck, Denmark              |           |
| Rab 8          | Rabbit monoclonal anti Rab8          | Cell signaling                 | CST-6975T |
| Claudin 5      | Mouse monoclonal anti claudin 5      | Thermo Fisher                  | 35-2500   |
| ZO1            | Rabbit polyclonal anti ZO1           | Invitrogen                     | 61-7300   |

### **Supplementary Table 2: List of secondary antibodies**

| Applied for                                         | Antibody                              | Manufacturer                     | Cat. No.                                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Immunofluorescence                                  | Donkey-Anti<br>mouse Alexa 488        | Invitrogen                       | A21202                                           |
| labelling of α-syn Immunofluorescence               | Donkey-anti Goat                      | Molecular probes                 | A21082                                           |
| labelling of VPS35                                  | Alexa 647                             | Troite dam proces                | 1.2.2.0.2                                        |
| Immunofluorescence labelling of Rab8a, caveolin 1   | Goat-anti rabbit<br>Alexa 647         | Invitrogen (Molecular probes)    | A21244                                           |
| Immunofluorescence labelling of α-syn               | Donkey-Anti<br>rabbit Alexa 488       | Invitrogen<br>(Molecular probes) | A21206                                           |
| Immunofluorescence labelling of EEA, Rab7, clathrin | Goat-anti mouse<br>Alexa 647          | Invitrogen (Molecular probes)    | A21235                                           |
| Immunofluorescence labelling of α-syn               | Donkey Anti<br>Rabbit STRAR<br>ORANGE | Invitrogen                       | A16031/1 mg<br>Abberior Star<br>Orange-NHS ester |
| Immunofluorescence labelling of Rab7                | Goat Anti Mouse<br>STAR RED           | Abberior, GmbH                   | STRED-1001-<br>500UG                             |
| Immunofluorescence labelling of VPS35               | D Anti G STAR<br>RED                  | Abberior. GmbH                   | TRED-1055-<br>500UG                              |

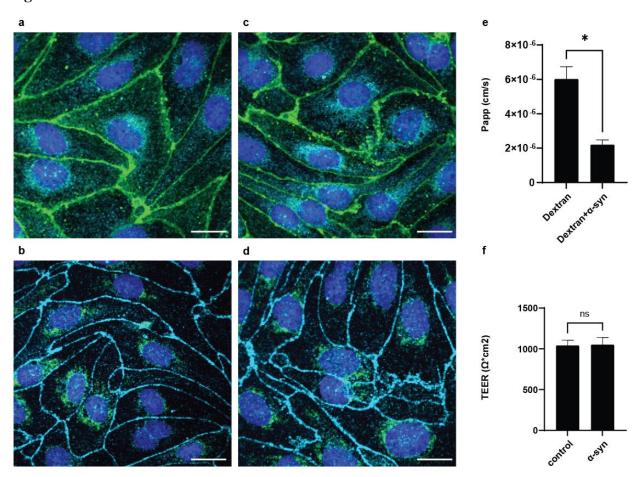
#### **Supplementary figures**

Fig. S1

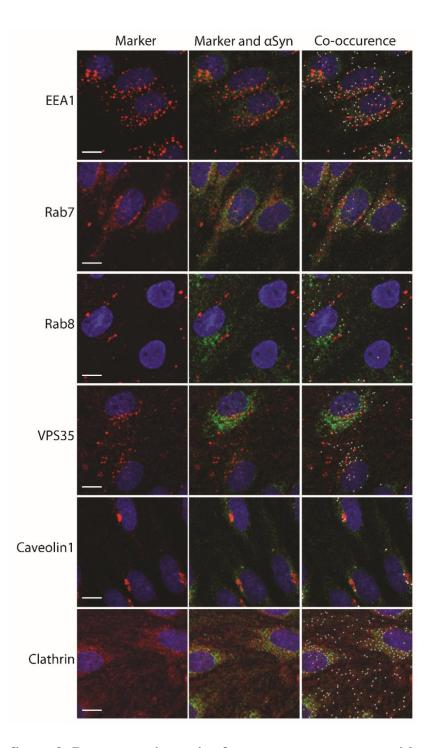


Supplementary figure 1: Relative distribution of donor and acceptor monomeric  $\alpha$ -syn depending on transport direction and time. In relation to main figure 2, bar plots show mean values of three independent ELISA measurements, error bars are standard deviations.

Fig. S2

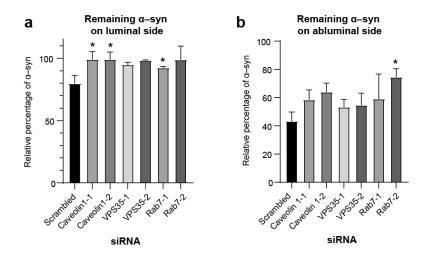


Supplementary figure 2: Effect of α-syn treatment on tight junction protein localization and barrier tightness. Representative micrographs of immunostainings for tight junction marker proteins after 10 minutes (a and b) and two hours (c and d) luminal treatment with 100 nM α-syn. Representative micrographs (a) and (b) Claudin5 (green) and α-syn (turquoise). Representative micrographs (b) and (d) α-syn (green) and ZO-1 (turquoise). Scale bars show 15 μm. Bar plot € show mean values from three independent measurements of apparent permeability coefficient (Papp cm/s) of 14 kD FITC-dextran with or without 100 nM α-syn, error bars are standard deviations. Bar plot (f) show mean values from three independent measurements of trans-endothelial cell resistance measured after two hours with or without 100 nM α-syn, error bars are standard deviations. The statistical tests used were paired t tests (ns = no significance and \*P < 0.05). According to the measurements in (e) monomeric α-syn inhibited the permeability of 14 kD FITC-dextran whereas the trans-endothelial cell resistance was unaffected by monomeric α-syn (f).



Supplementary figure 3: Representative stains for  $\alpha$ -syn co-occurrence with trafficking markers. Representative Maximum projected 3D stacks from confocal micrographs of  $\alpha$ -syn monomer treated pBECs on filters with  $\alpha$ -syn added for two hours to the luminal side. Green show  $\alpha$ -syn monomer stain, blue is Hoechst stain and red is the indicated marker stain. Right micrograph in panels shows segmented IMARIS spots of colocalization analysis between  $\alpha$ -syn and marker channels with white points indicating co-occurence. Scale bars show 10  $\mu$ m.

Fig. S4



Supplementary figure 4: Effect of intracellular trafficking machinery on  $\alpha$ -syn transport through the BBB model. In relation to figure 5, relative percentage of remaining  $\alpha$ -syn (after two hour chase) in donor chamber from cells pretreated with indicated siRNA. Remaining  $\alpha$ -syn added to luminal (a) and abluminal (b) side of the BBB model, respectively. Bar plots in (a) and (b) show mean values of three independent ELISA measurements, error bars show standard deviations. Statistical difference was tested using an ordinary one-way ANOVA followed by Dunnett's multiple comparisons test (\*P < 0.05 compared to scrambled control).